

## AT HEADQUARTERS.

## An Uneventful Week at the Capital.

## INAUGURAL PREPARATIONS.

The Washington Monument—Moral  
Telling Men—Bane's Claim—Pop-  
per's Bill—Generalities.

WASHINGTON, January 11, 1885.

Correspondence of THE HERALD.

Another uneventful week has fled into the past—uneventful so far as this city is concerned. There is no apparent change in the disposition of members of Congress to do anything. The Reagan bill has passed the House by a flat majority, and that ends it. There is no expectation that the Senate will touch it, or that it will ever become a law, for three potent reasons. It is unlikely that the Senate could dispose of it during the time that now remains of the short session. The Senate has a bill on the same subject, which, however, aims at the creation of a commission to settle disputes, and should it pass that body the House certainly will not agree to a bill which provides for the creation of another of those bodies called commissions, which are already notorious for their sympathy with those who oppress, and which are conspicuous for their failures to do anything in behalf of the people whose condition it was ostensibly contemplated to ameliorate from the ravages of tortious monopolists, while the third reason against the firm belief that the Senate will not pass Reagan's bill, is that the Senate has too much money in itself, and is too much in sympathy with the actions of the oppressors against whom Reagan has been working. A timely effort at consolation is attempted by the declaration that the mere passage of the bill by the House will have the effect of securing railroad kings into becoming conductors. The railroad animal does not start in any way. It knows the power of money and it knows also that the Senate will not pass the bill, but will offer that well-packed bone called a commission with which to stop the snarling of the public whelp. As a result they will not amelioate. William Walter Phelps has made two efforts on the subject, and his speeches attracted a great deal of the wandering attention for which the members of the House are astonishingly remarkable. Healed for instances of oppression. The course of the Union Pacific with regard to Utah might have been pointed out to him, and would have given him some enlightenment of what infernal and secondarily robberies a railroad corporation can be guilty of. Had a clear statement been made, I mean the name of William Walter Phelps would have turned wrong side up. It must be a joyless satisfaction to Judge Reagan to feel that, despite all his toil and labors, his measure would prove absolutely valueless, for the reason that a moneyed Senate will not pass it. It is not surprising, however, when we contemplate the fact that it is possible for a thing like Massachusetts to be a member of that body.

Talking about Hoar reminds me of a thing I heard the other day regarding this intellectual and moral leviathan. He is, by the grace of God, well, he is called a lawyer. Some poor soul entrusted him with a case not long ago—a case to be determined by the Supreme Court of the United States. It was his only case, and he kept trotting in and out of the clerk's room every few hours, inquiring as to the progress of a suit that could not progress any further till the date of its arguing before the court. So persistent and incessant were the attentions of Hoar, that he finally reminded one of those who were sick of him, of an old hen with one little chick. Any one who knows Hoar will enjoy this little anecdote fitting to the great Massachusetts statesman, who has been referred to in connection with his brother, as the "lesser prostitute."

Every day the newspapers contain summaries of details of the proceedings of the sub-committees having in charge the inaugural preparations for the 4th of March. The inaugural ball will take place in the new Pension Building, which will be fitted up for the purpose. Tickets \$5, which does not include supper—or the banquet. Save this, and a few minor details, nothing decisive, or of great importance, has yet been determined upon. All goes to show, however, that it will exceed in pomp and brilliancy anything of the kind ever before attempted.

Another event, approaching in importance this event, will take place nearly at the same time—the dedication of the Washington Monument, which is to transpire on the 21st of February, the 23d (Washington's Birthday) coming on Sunday. Arrangements are making such as will fitly commemorate the dedication of the highest shaft in the world, erected to the memory of one who, in the estimation of all true Americans, is the paragon of public and private virtues. The result is likely to be that Washington for about three or four weeks, beginning before the 21st of February and continuing until the inauguration of Cleveland, is likely to present an unusually animated appearance, for many of the bodies that come to be present at the dedication of the monument will remain and participate in the inaugural ceremonies also.

It may be very funny for a person pretending to be a gentleman to convey solemnly to his friends—lady friends of course—that he is liable to get drunk, but it is a rather disagreeable fact to admit when one claims the world is all the time bettering. It is said that as late as the eighteenth and even nineteenth centuries, it was customary for lords and soldiers to attend night revels and get "gloriously fu," and be carried home by servants, but the enlightenment of later years was making the practice a disgrace. It is an open question whether much disgrace is attached to drunkenness. Young fellows of good connections who get drunk are not only tolerated by ladies, but, save to the extent of individual preference, society seldom manifests any care whatever for the private deportment of a young man. We go to the theatre and laugh again and again at the acts of one who is insanely drunk. It is considered just the thing to laugh at a story told by a debauchee gets himself, and the loss of a man who becomes

a slave to liquor has ceased to agitate people. But for pure cheek, give me some of the young men who went calling here on New Year's day. Instead of adorning the button hole with a becoming flower, a common shipping tag was substituted, on which, in clear-cut type, was printed this:

"HAPPY NEW YEAR."

When I'm full, send me home. Residence— (and here the full address was written.)

Some time ago Mr. Morrison introduced a bill, which has not yet been acted upon, directing the Secretary of the Treasury to pay "Moses M. Bane, receiver of public moneys for the Territory of Utah, for office-rent at Salt Lake City for the years 1877, 1878, and for the first quarter of the year 1879, the sum of \$1,080, the said sum for office rent having been advanced by the officer out of his private means."

On Friday last the bill here passed the House and having already been passed by the Senate requires only the signature of the President to make it law. It is enacted, etc., That the Secretary of War be and is hereby authorized and directed to relinquish and turn over to the Department of the Interior, for restoration to the public domain, such parts of what is known as the Camp Douglas Military Reservation, in the Territory of Utah, as are embraced in the claim of Mr. Charles Popper, the same being in accordance with the recommendations of the board of officers comprised of L. N. Palmer, colonel Second Cavalry, president of the board; E. F. Flint, colonel Fourth Cavalry, and George O. Weber, first lieutenant Fourth Infantry, recorder, constituted for the purpose of examining the claim of the said Charles Popper by order of Brigadier-General Crook, dated Omaha, Neb., May 7, 1875, and approved by the Secretary of War, and described as follows, namely: (Here follows the description) containing in all, 151 and 80-100 acres, more or less, all lying within the said Camp Douglas Military Reservation.

Section 2—That the Secretary of the Interior, after the said restoration, shall, at the expense of said Charles Popper, cause the lands to be surveyed and segregated from the reservation by the Surveyor-General of Utah, and at any time within ninety days after the restoration of the lands, the said Charles Popper shall be permitted to make a private entry of the lands at the rate of \$1.25 per acre and during the ninety days no other person or persons shall be permitted to make an entry of the same, or to commence any proceedings to obtain title thereto under the homestead law, or any other law by which lands of the United States are disposed of. Provided: That the money paid by Charles Popper for the survey of the land as heretofore provided for, shall be deducted from the cost of the entry thereof.

If Mr. Popper is true to his word, General McD. McCook will have a slight chance to make an explanation of some remarks he is said to have given utterance to concerning Mr. Popper, all growing out of this claim. Mr. Popper has had quite an interesting time in securing his land, but he has finally succeeded. What can have become of that adorable child of beauty and of talented wardrobes, Miss Kitty Field? Oh! the giddy thing! The Mormon horror has not worked as successfully as the dear creature could have desired, and notwithstanding the urgent demands Miss Kitty says she has had to repeat her lectures wherever they were delivered, for some reason that remains to be explained, the repetition is yet to take place.

The Star published this some days ago:

THE WORK OF THE UTAH COMMISSION.

Mr. Pettigrew, of the Utah Commission, is in the city. He told a Star reporter to-day that the Commission had accomplished a good deal towards uprooting polygamy in Utah, and, in their opinion, the only thing necessary is for the House to pass the floor amendment to the Edmunds law. Mr. Pettigrew says the House amendment, depriving the women of Utah of the privilege to vote, will aid greatly in simplifying the question of uprooting polygamy.

This thing is getting painful. Not content with writing themselves down as consummate asses as a commission body, some of the members, conspicuously Mr. Pettigrew, as the above shows, is determined to put himself down as one individually. If Mr. Pettigrew said he above, and meant it, he is a fool; if he said it and did not mean it, the \$5,000 a year is worth more to him than a character for veracity.

The Jackson Club held a grand hurrah here Thursday, the seventieth anniversary of the battle of New Orleans. The theatres are all running. Nothing of exceeding worth is to be noted as having taken place the past two weeks.

Mr. Rhea produces the American Countess this week, and the Carleton Opera Company take Ford's for a week.

The few days' pleasant weather is giving way to an impending storm. Hon. F. S. Richards and wife are still here, and will remain until after the Commission election test cases are argued before the Supreme Court on the 28th instant. WANDERER.

## THE SUPREME COURT.

## Yesterday's Transactions by the Three Judges.

Proceedings in the Supreme Court, on Saturday, January 24, 1885, Chief Justice Zane and Associate Justices Emerson and Boren on the bench.

Court met at 10 o'clock a. m., pursuant to adjournment.

The people of the Territory of Utah, appellants, vs. Josiah Rogers, respondent, from Second District. This cause having been heretofore argued and submitted, and the Court being sufficiently advised thereon, it is now here considered, ordered and adjudged that the judgment of the District Court sustaining and allowing the demurrer to the indictments, be and hereby is reversed, and said cause is remanded with directions to said District to overrule said demurrer and allow the defendant to plead to said indictment.

Proceedings in the matter of Disbarring C. F. Blandin and James MacKnight, respectively, are hereby continued till the 28th day of January, instant, at 2 o'clock p. m., and said MacKnight's time to answer the charges made against him is extended to that time.

Alvin D. Bowers, respondent, vs. The Union Pacific Railway Company, appellant, from First District. This cause was further argued by Le Grand Young, Esq., for appellant, and J. R. McBride, Esq., and Arthur Brown, Esq., for respondent.

Court adjourned until Monday, at 2 p. m.

## HOME MARKETS.

To Farmers, Miners and General Dealers: All quotations given in this column are corrected daily from a careful inspection of the different markets; prices quoted are at wholesale rates, and retail buyers must expect to pay a somewhat higher figure.

Office of THE HERALD.

Saturday evening, Jan. 23, 1885.

Salt Lake Ore Market.  
(Furnished daily by McCornick & Co., Bankers.)

SILVER.

In New York..... \$1.08 per oz

In Salt Lake..... \$1.00 per oz

LEAD.

In New York..... \$3.65 per 100 lbs

In Salt Lake..... \$3.50 per 100 lbs

COFFEE.

(New York quotations.)

Lake Superior..... 11c. per lb

Other brands..... 10 1/2 c. to 10 3/4 c. per lb

Flour.

Roller process, family..... \$2.15 per 100 lbs

" high patent..... 2.00 "

XXX..... 1.75 "

XXX..... 1.75 "

Graham..... 2.25 "

Grain, Feed, etc.

Wheat..... 5c per bu

Corn (eastern)..... \$1.25 @ \$1.40 per 100 lbs

Oats..... 1.10 "

Barley..... \$1.00 @ .90 "

Chopped feed..... 1.15 @ 1.35 "

Corn Meal, Utah..... 2.50 "

Eastern..... 2.15 "

Hay.

Loose..... \$15.00 per ton

Baled..... 17.00 "

Lucerne, loose..... 7.00 "

" baled..... 11.00 "

Straw, baled..... 11.00 "

Butter.

Dairy, choice..... 30c per lb

" fair..... 25c "

Cooking butter..... 15c @ 20c "

Eggs.

Warranted..... 30c per doz

Cheese.

Eastern..... 15 1/2 c per lb

Utah..... 15 1/2 c "

Poultry.

Live old chickens..... \$3.00 per doz

Dressed..... 4.50 "

Live springs..... \$1.75 @ 2.00 "

Dressed..... 3.00 @ 4.50 "

Live ducks..... 7.50 "

Dressed..... 12 1/2 c per doz

Live turkeys..... 20c "

Dressed..... 20c "

Vegetables.

Potatoes..... 35c per bu

Onions..... 50c "

Turnips..... 60c "

Beets..... 50c "

Carrots..... 50c "

Cabbage..... 10 1/2 c per doz

Cured Meats and Lard.

Bacon short..... 8 1/2 c per lb

Bacon long..... 13 "

Canvassed ham..... 13 "

Eastern Lard..... 9 1/2 @ 10 1/2 "

Leaf Lard..... 15 "

Live Stock.

Prime steers..... 3 1/2 c per lb

Medium..... 3c "

Choice Cows..... 2 1/2 @ 3c "

Calves..... 4c @ 5c "

Sheep..... 2 @ 2 1/2 "

Fresh Meats.

Choice steer beef..... 7c per lb

Medium..... 6 1/2 c "

Choice cows..... 6c "

Veal..... 8c @ 11c "

Mutton..... 4 1/2 @ 5c "

Lamb..... 8c @ 10c "

Pork..... 6c @ 6 1/2 c "

Green Vegetables.

Celery..... \$1.25 per doz

Cauliflower..... .06 per lb

Fruits and Berries.

Apples, choice..... \$1.25 per bu

" medium..... 75c "

Pears..... 1.50 "

Grapes California..... 25c "

Dried Fruits.

(Buying prices.)

Peaches..... 9c per bu

" peeled..... 13c "

Apples..... 6c "

Plums..... 11c "

Pears..... 8c "

Apricots..... 12 1/2 c "

Ground cherries..... 8c "

Sugar.

Cube..... \$9.75 per 100 lbs

Powdered..... 9.75 "

Crushed..... 8.50 "

Dry granulated..... 8.50 "

" A..... 7.75 "

Golden "C"..... 7.50 "

Wool.

White spring (1 1/4 mos. growth)..... 13c @ 14c per lb

Black spring (12 mos. growth)..... 10c @ 12c "

White fall and lambs (6 mos. growth)..... 10c @ 12c "

Black fall and lambs (6 mos. growth)..... 8c @ 10c "

Arizona white..... 9c @ 11c "

" black..... 7c @ 9c "

Hides.

Dry flint hides and kip, good..... 14c per lb

Dry flint hides and kip, damaged..... 10c "

Dry flint calf skins, good..... 12c "

Dry flint calf skins, damaged..... 9c "

Dry salt hides, kip and calf, good..... 13c "

Dry salt hides, kip and calf, damaged..... 8c "

Dry horse hides..... 25c to 75c each

Green hides and kip, good..... 6c per lb

Green hides and kip, damaged..... 4c "

Green calf skins, good..... 7c "

Green calf skins, damaged..... 5c "

Green salted hides and kip, well cured, good..... 6 1/2 c "

Green salted hides and kip, well cured, damaged..... 4 1/2 c "

Green salted calf skins, well cured, good..... 8c "

Green salted calf skins, well cured, damaged..... 5 1/2 c "

Catarrh of the Bladder.

Stinging, irritation, inflammation, all kidney and urinary complaints, cured by "Bachu-Palpa." \$1.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

## ST. MARY'S ACADEMY, SALT LAKE CITY.

Conducted by the Sisters of the Holy Cross.

THE SECOND TERM FOR BOARDERS begins FEBRUARY 1st, 1885. Terms moderate. For Catalogues address as above. 122



Why is it so many people are never satisfied? Their homes are marvellous of comfort and luxury, friends are generous and affectionate, they are educated and refined, capable, not only of enjoying, but imparting happiness to others; yet they are dissatisfied, miserable, and really, without intending to do so, make others miserable. Their blood is impure, they have taken a heavy cold or they are bilious. A few doses of Frese's Hamburg Tea would remove all obstructions, and enable them to enjoy, with renewed zest, the pleasures they are now compelled to forego.

## COAL.

## Rock Spring

Unexcelled in the West.

## WEBER.

From the Celebrated GRASS CREEK MINES

## Red Canyon.

Mined and shipped by

Coal Dep't., U. P. Railway Co.,

## Pleasant Valley.

Mined by U. P. Railway Co.

A. J. GUNNELL.

AGENT.

48 WASATCH BUILDING.

## HENRY WAGNER,

Salt Lake City.

## California Brewery.

Lager Beer, Ale and Porter.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Second South Street. Three doors east from Main Street.

## HULBERT BROS.,

## Rag Carpet Weavers.

## Custom Work Promptly Done.

COUNTRY ORDERS SOLICITED.

We keep a large stock of

## RAG CARPETS

From 45c. Per Yard Up.

Warranted to be Well Made and Durable Call and Examine.

We keep the Best Brand of

## COTTON AND WOOL WARP.

—ALSO—

## Trunks, Towels, Ties, Etc.

—GIVE US A CALL—

No. 27 W First South Street, one door west of Knitting Factory. 123

**JOSEPH Wm. TAYLOR,**  
Underwriter.

A full line of cloth, metallic and wood cases always on hand, taken from the best of material, and made to order. Gun cases, and other articles made in any quantity. All orders by telegraph or telephone, day or night, promptly filled. Telephone number 331. No. 33, West Temple Street, S.

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